

The Passover Story

Answer Key

Shemoth 1:

1. Re'uben, Shim'on, Lewi, Yehuda, Yissaskar, Zebulun, Binyamin, Dan, Naphtali, Gad, Asher. (Shem 1:2-4)
 2. 70 beings (Shem. 1:5)
 3. "See, the people of the children of Yisra'el are more stronger than we, come, let us act wisely towards them, lest they increase, and it shall be when fighting against us, and shall go up out of the land." (Shem 1:9-10)
 4. They set slave- master over them to afflict them with their burdens, and they built for Pharaoh supply cities, Pithom and Ra'amses. (Shem 1:11)
 5. He spoke to the Hebrew midwives, two of them, Shiphrah, and Pu'ah and said, "When you deliver the Hebrew women, and see them on their birth stools, if it is a son, then you shall put him to death, but if it is a daughter, then she shall live. (Shem 1:15-16)
 6. They feared Elohim and did not do as the sovereign, Pharaoh of Mitsrayim commanded them, and kept the male children alive. (Shem. 1:17)
 7. Elohim was good to the midwives, because the midwives feared Elohim, He provided households for them. (Shem 1:21)
 8. Pharaoh commanded all his people, "Throw every son who is born into the river, and keep alive every daughter."
-

Shemoth 2:

1. Lewi, Lewi. (Shem 2:1)
 2. 3 months. (Shem 2:2)
 3. She took an ark of wicker for him, and coated it with tar and pitch, and put the child in it and laid it in the reeds by the edge of the river. (Shem 2:3)
 4. Stood at a distance to know what was done to him. (Shem 2:4)
 5. She saw an ark. She sent her female servant to get it. (Shem 2:5)
 6. She found a Hebrew baby crying. (Shem 2:6)
 7. "Shall I go and call a nurse for you from the Hebrew women to nurse the child for you? (Shem 2:7)
 8. Mosheh, because she drew him out of the water. (Shem 2:10)
 9. He killed the Mitsrite and hid him in the sand. (Shem 2:12)
 10. Because Pharaoh heard Mosheh had killed a Mitsrite, and wanted to kill Mosheh. (Shem 2:15)
 11. Shepherds came and drove the seven sisters away from watering their flocks. Mosheh stood up and came to their rescue. Re'uw'el said to his daughters to call him and let him eat bread. (Shem 2:17;19 &20)
 12. Tsipporah. (Shem 2:21)
 13. Gereshom, I have become a sojourner in a foreign land. (Shem 2:22)
 14. The children of Yisra'el groaned because of the slavery and they cried out. Elohim heard their grumblings and remembered the covenant he made with Abraham, Yitshaq and Ya'aqob. (Shem. 2:23-24)
-

Shemoth 3:

1. Shepherding his father-in-law's flock, Yithro. (Shem 3:1) Through a burning bush. (Shem 3:2)
 2. Horeb, the mountain of Elohim. (Shem 3:1)
 3. "Do not come near here. Take your sandals off your feet, for the place on which you are standing is set-apart ground. (Shem 3:5)
 4. Mosheh hid his face. He was afraid. (Shem 3:6)
 5. Because He has seen the oppression of His people who are in Mitsrayim, and have heard their cry because of their slave drivers, for He knew their sorrows. To a good spacious land, flowing with milk and honey. (Shem 3:7-8).
 6. To bring His people, the children of Yisra'el, out of Mitsrayim. (Shem 3:10)
 7. "I am that which I am." He said, "Thus you say to the children of Yisra'el, 'I AM has sent me to you.'" And Elohim said further, "Thus you are to say to the children of Yisra'el, Yahuwah Elohim of your fathers, the Elohim of Abraham, the Elohim of Yitshaq, and the Elohim of Ya'aqob has sent me to you. This is My Name forever, and this is My remembrance to all.
-

Shemoth 4:

1. He told Mosheh to throw down the rod in his hand to the ground, and it became a serpent. He also told him to reach out to it and take it by the tail, and it became a rod in his hand. The other sign was to put his hand in his bosom, and when he took it out, and see, his hand was leprous, like snow. Then He told him to put his hand in his bosom again, and see, it was restored like his other flesh. (Shem 4:1-8)
If they did not believe those two signs, Mosheh shall take water from the river and poor it on dry land. And the water which Mosheh took from the river shall become blood on the dry land. (Shem 4:9)
 2. He said he was not a man of words, he said he is, "slow of speech and slow of tongue. (Shem 4:10)
 3. Mosheh's brother, Aharon, the Lewite. (Shem 4:11-15)
 4. "Please let me go and return to my brothers who are in Mitsrayim to see whether they are still alive." (Shem 4:18)
 5. Harden Pharaoh's heart. (Shem 4:21)
 6. They believe, they bowed their heads and did obeisance. (Shem 4:31)
-

Shemoth 5:

1. "Thus said Yahuwah Elohim of Yisra'el, "Let My people go, so that they keep a festival to Me in the wilderness." (Shem 5:1)
 2. "You are no longer to give the people straw to make bricks as before. Let them go and gather straw for themselves. And lay on them the required amount of bricks which they made before, do not diminish it. For they are idle, that it why they cry out, saying, "Let us go and slaughter to our Elohim." Let more work be laid on the men, so that they labour in it, and not pay attention to words of falsehood. (Shem. 5:7-9)
 3. "Let Yahuwah look on you and judge, because you have made up loathsome in the eyes of Pharaoh and in the eyes of his servants, to give a sword in their hand to kill us. (Shem. 5:21)
-

Shemoth 6:

1. "I am Yahuwah, and I shall bring you out from under the burdens of the Mitsrites, and shall deliver you from their enslaving, and shall redeem you with an outstretched arm, and with great judgment, and shall take you as My people, and I shall be your Elohim. (Shem. 5:6-8)

2. They did not listen to Mosheh, because of shortness of spirit, and from hard slavery. (Shem 6:9)

Shemoth 7-12:

1. elohim (mighty one) ; prophet (Shem. 7:1)
 2. speak; command (Shem 7:2)
 3. harden; Pharaoh (Shem 7:3)
 4. is not (Shem 7:4)
 5. Yahuwah shall lay His hand on Mitsrayim, and deliver His people, the children of Yisra'el out of the land of Mitsrayim by great judgments. (Shem 7:4)
 6. Mosheh: 80 years old and Aharon: 83 years old. (Shem 7:7)
 7. Take his rod and throw it before Pharaoh, and let it become a serpent.
 8. Swallowed up the other rods (Shem 7:9)
 9.
 1. c
 2. h
 3. a
 4. f
 5. i
 6. b
 7. e
 8. d
 9. j
 10. g
 10. The waters in Mitsrayim, over their streams, over their rivers, over their ponds, and over all their pools of water, **both wooden and stone containers also.** (Shem 7:15-21)
 11. Yes
 12. 12. They died
 13. 7 days
 14. The river, ponds, the waters.
 15. 1-2 days is mentioned in Scripture (Shem 8:10) They died (Shem 8:13)
 16. The land was ruined. (Shem. 8:24)
 17. He told them to go slaughter to Yahuwah, but not go far away and to pray for him. No, Pharaoh's heart was hardened again. (Shem 8:23-32)
 18. Only Mitsrayim's livestock and not the children of Yisra'el. (Shem 9:6)
 19. They took ashes from a furnace and scattered it towards the heavens (Shem 9:10)
 20. They made their livestock and servants come into the houses. (Shem 9:20)
 21. Fire continually. (Shem 9:24-25)
 22. They covered the land and made it darkened. They ate every plant and tree that remained. (Shem 10:5-6)
 23. Three Days (Shem 10:22)
 24. A very strong west wind came and blew the locusts into the sea of reeds. (Shem 10:19)
 25. Death of the first born. (Shem 12:29)
 26. At midnight, it only struck those who did not have blood on their door posts.
 27. b, a, c
-

Review:

1. First month, Abib, 14th day.
2. Roasted lamb and unleavened bread and with bitter herbs.
3. Roasted in fire, not raw, nor boiled at all with water, with its inward parts. (Shem 11:8-9)
4. They put the blood on the two doorposts and on the lintel of the houses where they ate it. (Shem 11:7)
5. Their first born was smitten at midnight. (Shem 12:29)
6. Anything leavened. (Shem 12:18)
7. Anything leavened.
8. 430 years (Shem 12:18)
9. Because of what Yahuwah did for the children of Yisra'el, for delivering them from Mitsrayim.
10. They were all covered by the sea. (Shem 14:17-28)
11. He took off their chariot wheels, so that they drove them with difficulty.